

Year Six long term plan 2026-2027

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
English	Class Texts: Night of The Gargoyles – Eve Bunting Coraline – Neil Gaiman (Link to Opening Doors Unit – Gothic Literature) Themes: Coming of Age/Home/Acceptance Literary Ideas: Gothic Literature/Poetry/Portal Stories/Poems	Class Texts: Skellig – David Almond (Songs of Innocence and Experience – William Blake) Themes: From Innocence to Experience H G Wells - Men on the Moon - Ships log - awe and wonder	Class Texts: Holes – Louis Sachar Themes: Heroes and Villains/Migrants/Travelle rs Literary Ideas: Other Cultures	Class Texts: The Arrival – Shaun Tan The Island – Armin Greder The Weight of Water – Sarah Crossnan Themes: Migrants/Travellers/Reunion s/ Being different Literary Ideas: Wordless Picture Books/Narrative poetry	Class Texts: Rose Blanche (TOB) – Ian McEwan War Poetry (Additional Reading: The Boy in The Striped Pyjamas – John Boyne) Themes: From Innocence to Experience/Propaganda/Holocaust Literary Ideas: Classic Literature/Poetic Forms	Class Texts: Macbeth – William Shakespeare (Extracts) (William Shakespeare (TOB) - Mick Manning and Brita Granstrom) Instructions (Poem) – Neil Gaiman (Transition Unit) Themes: Ambition/Masculinity/Guilt Literary Ideas: Historical Fiction/Plays/Poetry
Oracy		Outcome: Class Debate Audience: Peers- whole class Purpose: Debate the question- Should we continue to take NATURAL resources from the rainforest? Then a discussion and voting. Subject: Geography	Outcome: An adopted viewpoint presentation (different viewpoints) : How can we protect and sustainably manage desert ecosystems? Audience: Peers across year group. Purpose: Pupils representing different viewpoints, including people who want to economically exploit the deserts (e.g. for tourism) in a presentation. Subject: Geography			Outcome: ‘TED talk’ based on the theory of evolution and different viewpoints (adopted viewpoints based on Darwin but also groups that do not agree with Darwinism). Audience: Adults (school community e.g. SLT, Governors) as small groups. Purpose: Structure a persuasive speech effectively using taught language techniques. Subject: Science Outcome: Y6 and leavers’ assembly Audience: School community including governors Purpose: Entertain: effectively engage an audience Subject: English
Maths	Number and place value Addition and subtraction Measures – Length incl. perimeter Geometry – Pos & Dir	Multiplication and division Four operations problem solving Fractions including ratio & proportion Measures – Mass and capacity Geometry – Shape	Number and place value Addition and subtraction Statistics Multiplication and division	Four operations problem solving Fractions including ratio & proportion Algebra Geometry – Shape	Revision of all areas	Four operations in context Fractions including ratio & proportion Geometry (Circles)

History/Geography	History Tudor Life – A local study Chronology •Can accurately place civilizations/ periods studied, in chronological order and may take account of some overlap in duration and intervals between them. characteristic features •Can contrast and make some significant links between civilizations/ periods studied. Continuity and Change •Understands that changes in different places and periods can be connected. of things impacting change significantly Historical significance •Can make judgements about historical significance against criteria. (how important is the coast to Portsmouth compared to now and to another time eg Tudors).	Geography: Natural resources Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities Physical geography, including: biomes and vegetation belts Human geography, including: the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water. Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping.	Geography: North America Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities Identify the position and significance of Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region within North or South America. Human geography, including: types of settlement and land use. Human geography, including: economic activity including trade links. Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and Present. Identify the position and significance of the Tropics of			History: Islamic Civilization Chronology •Can give reasoned explanations with reference to significant examples of some connections between ways of life in the different civilizations and periods Studied Cause and consequence •Can explain the causes and consequences of quite complex events, even though they might still link some in a simple way. (Islamic civilisation preserved classical learning). Historical Interpretation •Understands that all history is to some extent a construct (interpretation) and can identify a range of reasons for this. •Understands that interpretations can be questioned on the grounds of the range of evidence used to support them or due to the aims of the creator of the interpretation (provenance). Continuity and Change •Understands that changes in different places and
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Year Six long term plan 2023-2024

			Cancer and Capricorn Use four and six-figure grid references to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world Use symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge			periods can be connected. •Has an overview of the kinds of things that impact on history and are continuous through time and the kinds of things impacting change significantly.
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Science	<u>Light (How the eye works)</u> Recognise that light appears to travel in straight line, use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give out or reflect light into the eye, explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light sources to objects and then to our eyes, use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them. Working Scientifically: observing over time, pattern seeking, identify, classify and group, comparative and fair testing and research	<u>Fuel for life</u> Identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood, recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function, describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans. Working Scientifically: observing over time, pattern seeking, identify, classify and group, comparative and fair testing and research.	<u>Changing circuits</u> Progression: associate the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit, compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches, use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram. Working Scientifically: observing over time, pattern seeking, identify, classify and group, comparative and fair testing and research		<u>Living things and their habitats</u> Progression: describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common, observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including micro organisms, plants and animals, give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics. Working Scientifically: observing over time, pattern seeking, identify, classify and group, comparative and fair testing and research	<u>Evolution and inheritance</u> Progression: recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago, recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents, identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution. Working Scientifically: observing over time, pattern seeking, identify, classify and group, comparative and fair testing and research
Art/DT	Artist study: Hans Holbein Links with: History - Tudors Main Skill: Drawing - Work in a sustained and independent way to develop their own style of drawing. Developing use of pencils to sketch and use of a sketchbook. Observation and Redrafting This style may be through the development of: line, tone, pattern, texture. ● Draw for a sustained period of time. Use different techniques for different purposes i.e. shading, hatching within their own work, understanding which works well in their work and why. ● Develop their own style using tonal contrast and mixed media. ● Develop an awareness of composition, scale and proportion in their paintings.	DT: Brazilian Fiesta! Main Skill: Food and Nutrition	Landscapes Main Skill: Painting- Purposely control the types of marks made and experiment with different effects and textures inc. blocking in colour, washes, thickened paint creating textural effects. Developing use of watercolours to paint and use of a sketchbook. ● Work in a sustained and independent way to develop their own style of painting. ● Purposely control the types of marks made and experiment with different effects and textures. ● Mix colour, shades and tones with confidence building on previous knowledge.		<u>WW2 badges</u> Main Skill: textiles - Use a number of different stitches creatively to produce different patterns and textures. Design, plan and decorate a fabric piece. ● Experiment with a variety of techniques exploiting ideas from sketchbook. ● Use a number of different stitches creatively to produce different patterns and textures. ● Design, plan and decorate a fabric piece. Recognise different forms of textiles and express opinions on them.	Pop ART Masks 3D Main Skill: To use paper mache To use 3d design to create a mask in the style of a pop artist. Research the Pop art movement and develop work in the style of the work.

			● Discuss and review own and others work. ● Identify artists who have worked in a similar way to their own work.		● Use language appropriate to skill and technique. ● Discuss and review own and others work, expressing thoughts and feelings explaining their views and identify/ explain modifications/ changes and see how they can be developed further. Identify artists who have worked in a similar way to their own work	
PSHE	My healthy self: How do my choices today shape my future health?	Connecting with others: What does it mean to stand up for myself and others?	The online world: How do I feel about the things I see online?	Citizenship: How can we protect everyone's rights?	Staying safe: How can I stay safe as I grow up?	Option 1 Sex education: How do people become parents and carers?
RE	Theme: Beliefs and Practices Key question: What is the best way for a Muslim to show commitment to God? Religion: Islam	Theme: Christmas Concept: incarnation Key question: Do Christmas celebrations and traditions help Christians understand who Jesus was and why he was born? Religion: Christianity	Theme: Beliefs and Meaning Concept: Salvation Key question: Is anything ever eternal? Religion: Christianity	Theme: Easter Concept: Gospel Key question: Is Christianity still as strong religion 2000 years after Jesus was on Earth? Religion: Christianity	Theme: Beliefs and moral values Key question: Does belief in Akhirah (life after death) help Muslims lead good lives? Religion: Islam	
PE	Dance Horror themed showcase	OAA Team Building Element	Gym Travel Based and Synchronised	Invasion Games (ball games with transferable skills)	Athletics KS2 Rewards Scheme	Striking and Fielding Cricket Focus

Computing	Communication Children will explore how data is transferred over the internet.	Web Page Creation Children learn to create a website for their chosen purpose.	Variable in games Children will continue to build on their knowledge of scratch. They will use variables and create their own projects.	Spreadsheets Children will be introduced to spreadsheets and organise their data into columns and rows. They will also create their own data	3D Modelling Children will learn to create 3D models to make, resize and duplicate objects.	Sensing movement Children will build on their KS2 knowledge to create different environments. Children will also link this to physical computing.
Music	Four-chord pop: Playing in a band		Songs that speak: Lyrics and messages		Music technology: Film soundtracks	
Spanish	Daily routines and telling the time	My house – naming rooms and objects	Learning the words for sports in Spanish and talking about likes/dislikes	Learn about fairground rides and describe a day out	Spanish food and drink	Review of Year 6 learning

(NB Music is taught one half-term per term)